

DIABETES ACTION PLAN

Health Services Department
Lincoln Public Schools • Lincoln, Nebraska

This plan is valid for the current school year: _____ - _____

Student Name: _____ DOB: _____

Date of Diabetes Diagnosis: _____ Type 1 Type 2 Other: _____

School: _____ Grade: _____ Home Room Teacher: _____

STUDENT SCHEDULE

Check all that apply

BEFORE SCHOOL	MEALS AT SCHOOL	SCHOOL ACTIVITIES	AFTER SCHOOL GOES TO
<input type="checkbox"/> Arrives by Walk/Bike <input type="checkbox"/> Arrives by Car <input type="checkbox"/> Arrives by Bus <input type="checkbox"/> Attends Before School Program <input type="checkbox"/> Before School Class/Club/Group <input type="checkbox"/> Before School Sport	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakfast <input type="checkbox"/> AM Snack <input type="checkbox"/> Lunch <input type="checkbox"/> PM Snack <input type="checkbox"/> Pre-Dismissal Snack	Before School <input type="checkbox"/> Gym <input type="checkbox"/> Recess <input type="checkbox"/> Sports <input type="checkbox"/> School Clubs/Groups After School <input type="checkbox"/> Sports <input type="checkbox"/> School Clubs/Groups <input type="checkbox"/> Class	<input type="checkbox"/> Home <input type="checkbox"/> After School Program/ Sport via: <input type="checkbox"/> Walk/Bike <input type="checkbox"/> Car <input type="checkbox"/> Bus

*****Parent will notify the Health Office of any before or after school clubs, sports or classes their student will attend. Health Services will determine appropriate staffing.**

CONTACT INFORMATION

Parent/Guardian 1: _____ Email Address: _____

Address: _____

Telephone Home: _____ Work: _____ Cell: _____

Parent/Guardian 2: _____ Email Address: _____

Address: _____

Telephone Home: _____ Work: _____ Cell: _____

Student's Physician/Health Care Provider: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____ Emergency Number: _____

Other Emergency Contact

Name: _____ Relationship: _____

Telephone Home: _____ Work: _____ Cell: _____

SUPPLIES

The **School** will ensure supplies are accessible at all times (class, gym, field trips, fire drills, lock down, working, etc.) Advise parent/guardian when running low on supplies.

Parent/Guardian will maintain and restock all supplies and equipment.

SUPPLIES (check all that apply)	WITH STUDENT	CLASSROOM	HEALTH OFFICE	OTHER LOCATIONS
Blood Glucose Meter, Test Strips, Lancets	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Fast-Acting Sugar (<i>Juice, Glucose Tabes</i>) for Low Sugar	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Carbohydrate Snack(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Glucagon (<i>expiration date:</i>)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ketone Strips/Meter	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Insulin Pen, Needles and Insulin (<i>in case of pump failure</i>)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Extra Batteries for Meter	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Device for CGM (<i>i.e. iPad, phone</i>)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

CHECKING BLOOD GLUCOSE

Brand/Model of Blood Glucose Meter: _____

Target Range of Blood Glucose: _____

Before Meals: 90-130 mg/dL Other: _____

Check Blood Glucose Level:

- Before Breakfast
 After Breakfast
 ___ hrs After Breakfast
 2 Hours After Correction Dose
 Before Lunch
 After Lunch
 ___ hrs After Lunch
 Before Dismissal
 Mid-Morning
 Before PE
 After PE
 Other: _____

As Needed for Signs/Symptoms of Low or High Blood Glucose

As Needed for Signs/Symptoms of Illness

Student's Self-Care Blood Glucose Checking Skills:

- Independently Checks Own Blood Glucose
 May Check Blood Glucose with Supervision
 Requires a School Nurse or Trained Diabetes personnel to Check Blood Glucose
 Uses a Smartphone or Other Monitoring Technology to Track Blood Glucose Value

Continuous Glucose Monitor (CGM): Yes No Brand/Model: _____

Blood Glucose Check to Be Used for Hypo/Hyper Glycemic Management Yes No

Alarms Set for: Severe Low: _____ Low: _____ High: _____

Predictive Alarm: Low: _____ High: _____ Rate of change: Low: _____ High: _____

Threshold Suspend Setting: _____

CGM May Be Used for Insulin Calculation if Glucose is Between _____ - _____ mg/dL Yes No

CGM May Be Used for Hypoglycemia Management Yes No

CGM May Be Used for Hyperglycemia Management Yes No

Additional information for student with CGM

- Insulin injections should be given at least three inches away from the CGM insertion site.
- Do not disconnect from the CGM for sports activities.
- If the adhesive is peeling, reinforce it with approved medical tape.
- If the CGM becomes dislodged, return everything to the parents/guardians. Do not throw any part away.
- Refer to the manufacturer’s instructions on how to use the student’s device.

STUDENT’S SELF-CARE CGM SKILLS	INDEPENDENT
The Student Troubleshoots Alarms and Malfunctions	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
The Student Knows what to Do and is Able to Deal with a High Alarm	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
The Student Knows what to Do and is Able to Deal with a Low Alarm	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
The Student Can Calibrate the CGM	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
The Student Knows what to Do when the CGM Indicates A Rapid Trending Rise or Fall in the Blood Glucose Level	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
The Student Should be Escorted to the Nurse if the CGM Alarm Goes Off	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

Other Instructions for the School Health Team:

HYPOGLYCEMIA TREATMENT

Student’s usual symptoms of hypoglycemia (list below):

If exhibiting symptoms of hypoglycemia, **OR** if blood glucose level is less than ____ mg/dL, give a quick-acting glucose product equal to ____ grams of carbohydrate.

Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes and repeat treatment if blood glucose level is less than ____ mg/dL.

Additional treatment:

If the student is unable to eat or drink, is unconscious or unresponsive, or is having seizure activity or convulsions:

- Position the student on his or her side to prevent choking
- Administer glucagon: Name of glucagon used: _____

Injection

Dose: 1 mg 0.5 mg Other (dose): _____

Route: Intramuscular Subcutaneous

Site: Thigh Arm Buttocks Other: _____

Nasal

Dose: 3mg Other (dose): _____

Additional Information

- Call 911 (Emergency Medical Services) and the student’s parent/guardian.
- Contact the student’s health care provider.
- If on an insulin pump, stop by placing mode in suspend or disconnect. Always send the pump with EMS to the hospital.

HYPERGLYCEMIA TREATMENT

Student's usual symptoms of hyperglycemia (list below):

- Check Urine Blood for ketones every _____ hours when blood glucose levels are above _____ mg/dL.
- For blood glucose greater than _____ mg/dL **AND** at least _____ hours since last insulin dose, give a correction dose of insulin (see correction dose orders).
- Notify parent/guardian if blood glucose is over _____ mg/dL
- For insulin pump users: See Additional information (**pg. 6**) for students with insulin pumps.
- Give extra water and/or non-sugar containing drinks (not fruit juices)

Additional treatment for ketones:

Additional Information

- If the student has symptoms of a hyperglycemia emergency, call 911 (Emergency Medical Services) and contact the student's parent/guardian and health care provider. Symptoms of a hyperglycemia emergency include: dry mouth, extreme thirst, nausea and vomiting, severe abdominal pain, heavy breathing or shortness of breath, chest pain, increasing sleepiness or lethargy or depressed level of consciousness.

INSULIN THERAPY

Insulin delivery device: Syringe Insulin Pen Insulin Pump
 Type of insulin therapy at school: Adjustable (basal-bolus) Insulin Fixed Insulin Therapy No Insulin

Adjustable (basal-bolus) Insulin Therapy:

- Carbohydrate Coverage/Correction Dose: Name of insulin: _____
- Carbohydrate Coverage:
 - Insulin to carbohydrate ratio:
 - › Breakfast: 1 unit of insulin per _____ grams of carbohydrate
 - › Lunch: 1 unit of insulin per _____ grams of carbohydrate
 - › Snack: 1 unit of insulin per _____ grams of carbohydrate

CARBOHYDRATE DOSE CALCULATION EXAMPLE

Total Grams of Carbohydrate to be Eaten \div Insulin-to-Carbohydrate Ratio = _____ Units of Insulin

Correction Dose: Blood glucose correction factor (insulin sensitivity factor) = _____
 Target Blood Glucose = _____ mg/dL

CORRECTION DOSE CALCULATION EXAMPLE

Current Blood Glucose $-$ Target Blood Glucose \div Correction Factor = _____ Units of Insulin

Correction Dose Scale (Use instead of calculator above to determine insulin correction dose):

Blood Glucose _____ to _____ mg/dL, give _____ Units
 Blood Glucose _____ to _____ mg/dL, give _____ Units
 Blood Glucose _____ to _____ mg/dL, give _____ Units
 Blood Glucose _____ to _____ mg/dL, give _____ Units

USING BOTH CARBOHYDRATE DOSE AND CORRECTION DOSE CALCULATION EXAMPLE

- Complete calculations as in above boxes for Carbohydrate Dose example and Correction Dose example.
- Then add the totals together
Carbohydrate Dose total units + Correction Dose total units = _____ units of insulin.
- Round amount depending on syringe/pen measurement marks 0.5 units full unit to = units of insulin to give/take for snack/meal dosing.

When to Give Insulin During the School Day**Breakfast**

- Carbohydrate Coverage Only
- Carbohydrate Coverage plus Correction Dose when Blood Glucose is Greater than _____ mg/dL and _____ Hours Since Last Insulin Dose
- Other: _____

Lunch

- Carbohydrate Coverage Only
- Carbohydrate Coverage plus Correction Dose when Blood Glucose is Greater than _____ mg/dL and _____ Hours Since Last Insulin Dose
- Other: _____

Snack

- No Coverage for Snack
- Carbohydrate Coverage Only
- Carbohydrate Coverage plus Correction Dose when Blood Glucose is Greater than _____ mg/dL and _____ Hours Since Last Insulin Dose
- Correction Dose Only: For Blood Glucose Greater than mg/dL AND at Least Hours Since Last Insulin Dose
- Other: _____

Fixed Insulin Therapy

Name of Insulin: _____

- Units of Insulin Given Pre-Breakfast Daily
- Units of Insulin Given Pre-Lunch Daily
- Units of Insulin Given Pre-Snack Daily
- Other: _____

Other Diabetes Medications

Name: _____ Dose: _____ Route: _____ Times Give: _____

Name: _____ Dose: _____ Route: _____ Times Give: _____

Additional Information

- The build-up in insulin levels following repeated injection of insulin at close intervals—referred to as insulin stacking—can increase the risk of hypoglycemia.

Student's Self-Care Insulin Administration Skills

- Independently Calculates and Gives Own Injections
- May Calculate/Give Own Injections with Supervision
- Requires School Nurse or Trained Diabetes Personnel to Calculate Dose and Student Can Give Own Injection with Supervision
- Requires School Nurse or Trained Diabetes Personnel to Calculate Dose and Give the Injection.

Additional Information for Student with Insulin Pump

Brand/Model of Pump: _____ Type of Insulin Pump: _____

Type of Infusion Set: _____

Appropriate Infusion Set: _____

- For Blood Glucose Greater than _____ mg/dL that has Not Decreased within _____ Hours After Correction, Consider Pump Failure or Infusion Site Failure. Notify Parents/Guardians.
- For Suspected Pump Failure: Suspend or Remove Pump and Give Insulin by Syringe or Pen.
- For Insulin Site Failure: Insert New Infusion Set and/or Replace Reservoir, or Give Insulin by Syringe or Pen.
****Doctors order needed for the nurse to re-insert. If a nurse is not available or a student is on a field trip, parent will need to re-insert.**
- For Suspected Pump Failure: Suspend or Remove Pump and Give Insulin by Syringe or Pen.

Other Pump Instructions: _____

Physical Activity

May Disconnect from Pump for Sports Activities Yes, for _____ Hours No

STUDENT'S SELF-CARE CGM SKILLS	INDEPENDENT
Counts Carbohydrates	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Calculates Correct Amount of Insulin for Carbohydrates Consumed	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Administers Correction Bolus	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Calculates and Sets Basal Profiles	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Calculates and Sets Temporary Basal Rate	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Changes Batteries	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Disconnects Pump	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Reconnects Pump to Infusion Set	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Prepares Reservoir, Pod and/or Tubing	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Inserts Infusion Set	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Troubleshoots Alarms and Malfunctions	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

MEALS/SNACKS

MEAL/SNACK	TIME	CARBOHYDRATE COUNT (grams)
Breakfast		_____ to _____
Mid-Morning Snack		_____ to _____
Lunch		_____ to _____
Mid-Afternoon Snack		_____ to _____

Other Times to Give Snacks and Content/Amount: _____

Instructions for when Food is Provided to the Class (i.e. as part of a class party or food sampling event):

Special Event/Party Food Permitted Parent/Guardian Discretion Student Discretion

Is a Special Diet Needed Yes No

If Yes, **Special Diet Medical Statement** is required (NS0002)

Student's Self-Care Nutritional Skills:

- Independently Counts Carbohydrates
- May Count Carbohydrates with Supervision
- Requires School Nurse/Trained Diabetes Personnel to Count Carbohydrates

PHYSICAL ACTIVITY AND SPORTS

A quick-acting source of glucose as glucose tabs and/or sugar-containing juice must be available at the site of physical education activities and sports.

Student should eat 15 grams 30 grams other: _____

Before Every 30 minutes during Every 60 minutes during After vigorous physical activity

Other: _____

If most recent blood glucose is less than _____ mg/dL, student can participate in physical activity when blood glucose is corrected and above _____ mg/dL.

Avoid physical activity when blood glucose is greater than _____ mg/dL or if urine/blood ketones are moderate to large.

DISASTER/EMERGENCY AND CLASSROOM PLAN

SCHOOL EMERGENCY & SAFETY PLAN: Please share information for a school evacuation, relocation or lock down situation (ex. Parent will provide an extra fast-acting source of glucose and snacks containing carbohydrates and protein. Parent will provide extra supplies for classroom).

Parent to notify Health Office of changes to this Diabetic Medical Management Plan by:

Phone: _____ E-mail: _____ Both email & phone

PARENT/GUARDIAN SIGNATURE

I, (parent/guardian) _____ give permission to the school nurse or another qualified healthcare professional or trained diabetes personal to perform and carry out the diabetes care tasks as outlined above. I also consent to the release of the information contained in this Diabetes Medical Management Plan to all school staff members and other adults who have responsibility for my child who may need to know this information to maintain my child's health and safety. I also give permission to the school nurse or another qualified healthcare profession to contact my child's physician/health care provider. I also understand a new authorization is required for each school year and/or when medical orders change.

Student's Parent/Guardian

Date

School Nurse

Date

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY	
DATE	Annual Review Comments